

## Data Protection Impact Assessment (Arbor)

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Church of the Ascension C of E Primary School operates a cloud based system. As such Church of the Ascension C of E Primary School must consider the privacy implications of such a system. The Data Protection Impact Assessment is a systematic process for identifying and addressing privacy issues and considers the future consequences for privacy of a current or proposed action.

Church of the Ascension C of E Primary School recognises that moving to a cloud service provider has a number of implications. Church of the Ascension C of E Primary School recognises the need to have a good overview of its data information flow.

The Data Protection Impact Assessment looks at the wider context of privacy taking into account Data Protection Law and the Human Rights Act. It considers the need for a cloud-based system and the impact it may have on individual privacy.

The school needs to know where the data is stored, how it can be transferred and what access possibilities the school has to its data. The location of the cloud is important to determine applicable law. The school will need to satisfy its responsibilities in determining whether the security measures the cloud provider has taken are sufficient, and that the rights of the data subject under the UK GDPR is satisfied by the school. Church of the Ascension C of E Primary School aims to undertake this Data Protection Impact Assessment on an annual basis.

A Data Protection Impact Assessment will typically consist of the following key steps:

1. Identify the need for a DPIA.
2. Describe the information flow.
3. Identify data protection and related risks.
4. Identify data protection solutions to reduce or eliminate the risks.
5. Sign off the outcomes of the DPIA.

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## Step 1: Identify the need for a DPIA

Explain broadly what project aims to achieve and what type of processing it involves. You may find it helpful to refer or link to other documents, such as a project proposal. Summarise why you identified the need for a DPIA.

**What is the aim of the project?** – To help deliver a cost effective solution to meet the needs of the business. The cloud based system will improve accessibility and ensure information security when working remotely.

Church of the Ascension C of E Primary School will undertake the following processes:

1. Collecting personal data
2. Recording and organizing personal data
3. Structuring and storing personal data
4. Copying personal data
5. Retrieving personal data
6. Deleting personal data

By opting for an internal server based solution the school aims to achieve the following:

1. Scalability
2. Reliability
3. Resilience
4. Delivery at a potentially lower cost
5. Supports mobile access to data securely
6. Update of documents in real time
7. Good working practice, i.e. secure access to sensitive files

Arbor is a cloud-based system which enables the school to manage pupil information in a variety of ways through three broad modules.

- *Module (1)* MIS Core which include attendance, behaviour, progress tracking and school census and statutory reporting. Custom Report Writer, Student and Staff Profiles and e-mails and SMS

- *Module (2)* MIS Comms which include Parental Portal, Parents Evening Booking, Arbor App and Student Report Cards and Student Portal.
- *Module (3)* MIS Perform which include Formative Tracking, Payments, Meal Management and Intervention Tracking. Assignments, My Classroom and Staff Performance.

Functionality includes the following:

- **Intuitive Dashboards:** which give an overview of key performance measures, management of schools exams end to end
- **Report Builder:** building reports using data from Arbor
- **Safeguarding:** securely permissioned access to special category safeguarding data including SEN. Record and report on attendance and pupil behaviour. Add interventions and monitor for effectiveness

In addition, Arbor has the ability to integrate with a number of third-party systems including ParentMail, ParentPay, Invenry and CPOMS.

The cloud service provider cannot do anything with the school's data unless they have been instructed by the school. The schools Privacy Notice will be updated especially with reference to the storing of pupil and workforce data in the cloud.

## Step 2: Describe the processing

**Describe the nature of the processing:** how will you collect, use, store and delete data? What is the source of the data? Will you be sharing data with anyone? You might find it useful to refer to a flow diagram or other way of describing data flows. What types of processing identified as likely high risk are involved?

The Privacy Notices (pupil) for the school provides the lawful basis of why the school collects data. The lawful basis in order to process personal data in line with the 'lawfulness, fairness and transparency principle is as follows:

6.1 (c) Processing is necessary for compliance with a legal obligation to which the controller is subject; e.g. health & safety and safeguarding

6.1 (e) Processing is necessary for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of official authority vested in the controller

6.1 (f) Processing is necessary for the purposes of the legitimate interest pursued by the controller or by a third party

The lawful basis for collecting special category information relates to Article 9 2 (g) *processing is necessary for reasons of substantial public interest and is authorised by domestic law.*

The school has considered the lawful basis by which it processes personal data. This is recorded in Church of the Ascension C of E Primary School Privacy Notice (Pupil) and where appropriate in Privacy Notice (Workforce).

**How will you collect, use, store and delete data?** – The information collected by the school is retained on the school’s computer systems and in paper files. The information is retained according to the school’s Data Retention Policy.

**What is the source of the data?** – Pupil information is collected via registration forms when pupils join the school, pupil update forms the school issue at the start of the year, Common Transfer File (CTF) or secure file transfer from previous schools. Pupil information also includes classroom work, assessments and reports. Workforce information is collected through application forms, CVs or resumes; information obtained from identity documents, forms completed at the start of employment, correspondence, interviews, meetings and assessments.

**Will you be sharing data with anyone?** – Church of the Ascension C of E Primary School routinely shares pupil information with relevant staff within the school, schools that the pupil attends after leaving, the Local Authority, the Department for Education, Health

Services, Learning Support Services, Arbor and various third party Information Society Services applications.

Church of the Ascension C of E Primary School routinely shares workforce information internally with people responsible for HR and recruitment (including payroll), senior staff, with the Local Authority, and the Department for Education.

**What types of processing identified as likely high risk are involved?** – Transferring 'special category' data from the school to local authority, and to hosted servers remotely. Storage of personal and 'special category' data. The WAN link from the school is a dedicated lease line so is not shared with other users like domestic broadband users, therefore it is protected from interception.

**Describe the scope of the processing:** what is the nature of the data, and does it include special category or criminal offence data? How much data will you be collecting and using? How often? How long will you keep it? How many individuals are affected? What geographical area does it cover?

**What is the nature of the data?** – Pupil data relates to personal identifiers and contacts (such as name, unique pupil number, contact details and address). Characteristics (such as ethnicity, language, nationality, gender, religion, data of birth, country of birth, free school meal eligibility). Special education needs, safeguarding information, medical and administration (doctor's information, child health, dental health, allergies, medication and dietary requirements). Attendance information, assessment, attainment and behavioral information. The school also obtains data on parents/guardians/carers including their name, address, telephone number and e-mail address.

Workforce data relates to personal information (such as name, address and contact details, employee or teacher number, bank details, national insurance number, marital status, next of kin, dependents and emergency contacts). Special categories of data (such as gender, age, ethnic group). Contract information (such as start dates, terms and conditions of employment, hours worked, post, roles and salary information, pensions, nationality and entitlement to work in the UK). Work absence information, information about criminal records, details of any disciplinary or grievance procedures. Assessments of performance

(such as appraisals, performance reviews, ratings, performance improvement plans and related correspondence). Information about medical or health conditions.

**Special Category data?** – Some of the personal data collected falls under the UK GDPR special category data. This includes race; ethnic origin; religion; biometrics; and health. These may be contained in the Single Central Record, Arbor, child safeguarding files, SEN reports, etc.

The lawful basis for collecting special category information relates to Article 9 2 (g) *processing is necessary for reasons of substantial public interest and is authorised by domestic law.*

**How much data is collected and used and how often?** – Personal data is collected for all pupils. Additionally, personal data is also held respecting the school's workforce, Board of Governors, Volunteers, and Contractors. Data relating to sports coaches and other educational specialist is contained within the Single Central Record to ensure health and safety and safeguarding within the school.

**How long will you keep the data for?** – Consider the data retention period as outlined in the IRMS Information Management Toolkit for Schools and the School's Data Retention Policy.

**Scope of data obtained?** – How many individuals are affected (pupils, workforce, governors, and volunteers)? And what is the geographical area covered? Reception to Year 6 pupils 310, workforce 45, Board of Governors 8.

**Describe the context of the processing:** what is the nature of your relationship with the individuals? How much control will they have? Would they expect you to use their data in this way? Do they include children or other vulnerable groups? Are there prior concerns over this type of processing or security flaws? Is it novel in any way? What is the current state of technology in this area? Are there any current issues of public concern that you should factor in? Are you signed up to any approved code of conduct or certification scheme (once any have been approved)?

The school provides education to its students with staff delivering the National Curriculum

**What is the nature of your relationship with the individuals?** – Church of the Ascension C of E Primary School collects and processes personal data relating to its pupils and employees to manage the parent/pupil and employment relationship.

Through the Privacy Notice (pupil/workforce) Church of the Ascension C of E Primary School is committed to being transparent about how it collects and uses data and to meeting its data protection obligation.

**How much control will they have?** – Access to the files will be controlled by username and password. Arbor is hosting the data and has the ability to access data on instruction of Church of the Ascension C of E Primary School who is the data controller for the provision of supporting the service.

The school will be able to upload personal data from its PC via a web browser for the data to be stored remotely by a service provider. Changes made through the browser when accessing Arbor will update the data stored by the school.

**Do they include children or other vulnerable groups?** – Some of the data may include special category data such as child safeguarding records, Arbor, SEN records, Single Central Record. The cloud service provider may provide access controls to the files. For example, files designated as private – only you can access the files; public – everyone can view the files without any restriction; and shared – only people you invite can view the files.

**Are there prior concerns over this type of processing or security flaws?** – Arbor are ISO 27001 accredited, the international standard for information security management. In addition, Arbor uses Amazon Web Services (AWS) in the UK.

Church of the Ascension C of E Primary School recognises a number of UK General Data Protection Regulations issues as follows:

- **ISSUE:** The cloud based solution will be storing personal data including sensitive information  
**RISK:** There is a risk of uncontrolled distribution of information to third parties  
**MITIGATING ACTION:** All users of Arbor have their own accounts. Arbor servers are patched continuously to reduce security vulnerabilities
  
- **ISSUE:** Transfer of data between the school and the cloud  
**RISK:** Risk of compromise and unlawful access when personal data is transferred.  
**MITIGATING ACTION:** All data is encrypted at rest and in transit using 256 bit SSL encryption. All Arbor servers are situated in secure locations
  
- **ISSUE:** Understanding the cloud based solution chosen where data processing/storage premises are shared?  
**RISK:** The potential of information leakage  
**MITIGATING ACTION:** All data is encrypted at rest and in transit using 256 bit SSL encryption. All Arbor servers are situated in secure locations. Physical security is maintained at every Arbor office using access control, secure keys, CCTV 24/7, security personnel and secure perimeter doors
  
- **ISSUE:** Cloud solution and the geographical location of where the data is stored  
**RISK:** Within the EU, the physical location of the cloud is a decisive factor to determine which privacy rules apply. However, in other areas other regulations may apply which may not be Data Protection Law compliant  
**MITIGATING ACTION:** The servers hosting Arbor are located within the UK, within multiple geographic locations utilizing Amazon Web Services 'Software as a Service' (SaaS)
  
- **ISSUE:** Cloud Service Provider and privacy commitments respecting personal data, i.e. the rights of data subjects  
**RISK:** UK GDPR non-compliance  
**MITIGATING ACTION:** Access to schools' data is strictly controlled and monitored at Arbor, and they employ a 'least privilege' code of practice within our organisation

Arbor have various security procedures in place which ensure the safety of school data within Arbor's ISO 27001 system, and the database is only accessed with express permission from the school

Arbor offer a range of additional security features, including password rules, enforced regular password changes, and two-factor authentication. Arbor also automatically logs out after a period of inactivity

Arbor lock down access to its databases to specific individuals, and only allow access through strict gateways requiring two-factor authentication login and public/private key identification. All logins to Arbor are logged and tracked, and strict policies are enforced which create alerts if breached. Staff passwords are also changed regularly and, since data is kept on Arbor's central system, permissions can easily be revoked if needed

- **ISSUE:** Implementing data retention effectively in the cloud  
**RISK:** UK GDPR non-compliance  
**MITIGATING ACTION:** Arbor is fully compliant with UK GDPR data security retention and storage. Arbor has data deletion functionality

The data the school holds will only be kept for as long as is necessary, and in accordance with the school's Data Retention Policy. Arbor enables the school to delete data when required in accordance with its Data Retention Policy

In certain circumstances, individuals have the right to erasure. This means that the data subject has the right to request that their data be deleted or removed where there is no lawful basis for its continued storage

- **ISSUE:** Responding to a data breach  
**RISK:** UK GDPR non-compliance  
**MITIGATING ACTION:** Arbor is an ICO registered company, fully compliant with UK GDPR data security handling and reporting
- **ISSUE:** Data Retention  
**RISK:** UK GDPR non-compliance

**MITIGATING ACTION:** Arbor has a policy where data is retained for as long as necessary to provide the service

Arbor will automatically flag records that have passed the school's data retention period, meaning the school can easily find and remove all students (and staff) who left the school more than six years ago

- **ISSUE:** Subject Access Requests  
**RISK:** The school must be able to retrieve the data in a structured format to provide the information to the data subject  
**MITIGATING ACTION:** Arbor has the functionality within the reports module to respond to Subject Access Requests. Arbor agrees to comply with Subject Access Requests relating to the data it stores

A complete record of all personal data stored on Arbor via a student or staff member profile page can be downloaded

- **ISSUE:** Data Ownership  
**RISK:** UK GDPR non-compliance  
**MITIGATING ACTION:** The school remains the data controller. Arbor is the data processor
- **ISSUE:** Post Brexit  
**RISK:** UK GDPR non-compliance  
**MITIGATING ACTION:** Arbor is hosted on UK servers
- **ISSUE:** Cloud Architecture  
**RISK:** The school needs to familiarise itself with the underlying technologies the cloud provider uses and the implications these technologies have on security safeguards and protection of the personal data stored in the cloud.  
**MITIGATING ACTION:** As a service, Arbor is UK GDPR compliant. The data processor remains accountable for the data within the system. For the services it manages, Arbor applies its own security updates. Where security updates are applicable to the infrastructure, Amazon Web Services will manage these

- **ISSUE:** Third-party Access to Data  
**RISK:** UK GDPR non-compliance  
**MITIGATING ACTION:** Before any access is granted to the school's data held in Arbor, to third-party applications, the school must give explicit authorization and review the type of data that the application is requesting. The permissions can be revoked at any time by the school
  
- **ISSUE:** UK GDPR Training  
**RISK:** UK GDPR non-compliance  
**MITIGATING ACTION:** Appropriate training is undertaken by personnel that have access to Arbor in strict compliance with ISO 27001 and agree to abide by the Arbor data sharing and confidentiality policies
  
- **ISSUE:** Security of Privacy  
**RISK:** UK GDPR non-compliance  
**MITIGATING ACTION** Arbor has various security procedures in place which ensure the safety of the school's data. These include:

*Cyber Essentials:* Cyber Essentials is a government-backed certification scheme designed to protect organisations from 80% of common cyber-attacks and increase cyber security. Arbor are certified with Cyber Essentials and are audited annually. This means Arbor IT systems are security approved by an accreditation body selected by the NCSC and Arbor have technical defences in place against cyber threats.

*ICO Registration:* Arbor are registered with the Information Commissioner's Office (ICO) for data protection, the UK's independent supervisory authority, that upholds public information rights and regulatory controls in the use of personal data by data controllers such as schools. The registration number is Z3022381.

*ISO 27001:* is one of the most widely recognized, internationally accepted independent security standards. Arbor has earned ISO 27001 certification for the systems, applications, people, technology, processes, and data centres that make up its shared Common Infrastructure.

**Describe the purposes of the processing:** what do you want to achieve? What is the intended effect on individuals? What are the benefits of the processing – for you, and more broadly?

The processing of this data will allow the school to function safely. We know where our students are at any time and can access the vital information we need to keep them safe. We can build up patterns of academic achievement and attitude so that we can best support our students.

Combined staff and student data allows for timetable creation and school organisation with registers.

### Step 3: Consultation process

**Consider how to consult with relevant stakeholders:** describe when and how you will seek individuals' views – or justify why it's not appropriate to do so. Who else do you need to involve within your organisation? Do you need to ask your processors to assist? Do you plan to consult information security experts, or any other experts?

As the system is already in use there is no need to consult stakeholders. Should systems change we would consult more stakeholders.

## Step 4: Assess necessity and proportionality

**Describe compliance and proportionality measures, in particular:** what is your lawful basis for processing? Does the processing actually achieve your purpose? Is there another way to achieve the same outcome? How will you prevent function creep? How will you ensure data quality and data minimisation? What information will you give individuals? How will you help to support their rights? What measures do you take to ensure processors comply? How do you safeguard any international transfers?

The lawful basis for processing personal data is contained in the school's Privacy Notice (Pupil and Workforce). The lawful basis includes the following:

- Childcare Act 2006 (Section 40 (2)(a))
- The Education Reform Act 1988
- Further and Higher Education Act 1992,
- Education Act 1994; 1998; 2002; 2005; 2011
- Health and Safety at Work Act
- Safeguarding Vulnerable Groups Act
- Working together to Safeguard Children Guidelines (DfE)

The school has a Subject Access Request procedure in place to ensure compliance with Data Protection Law. The cloud based solution will enable the school to uphold the rights of the data subject? The right to be informed; the right of access; the right of rectification; the right to erasure; the right to restrict processing; the right to data portability; the right to object; and the right not to be subject to automated decision-making?

The school will continue to be compliant with its Data Protection Policy

## Step 5: Identify and assess risks

Describe source of risk and nature of potential impact on individuals. Include associated compliance and corporate risks as necessary.	Likelihood of harm	Severity of harm	Overall risk
	Remote, possible or probable	Minimal, significant or severe	Low, medium or high
Data transfer; data could be compromised	Possible	Severe	Medium
Data Breaches	Possible	Significant	Medium
Subject Access Request	Probable	Significant	Medium
Data Retention	Probable	Significant	Medium

## Step 6: Identify measures to reduce risk

<b>Identify additional measures you could take to reduce or eliminate risks identified as medium or high risk in step 5</b>				
<b>Risk</b>	<b>Options to reduce or eliminate risk</b>	<b>Effect on risk</b>	<b>Residual risk</b>	<b>Measure approved</b>
		Eliminated reduced accepted	Low medium high	Yes/no
Data Transfer	Secure network, end to end encryption	Reduced	Medium	Yes
Data Breaches	Documented in contract and owned by school	Reduced	Low	Yes
Subject Access Request	Technical capability to satisfy data subject access request	Reduced	Low	Yes
Data Retention	Implementing school data retention periods in the cloud	Reduced	Low	Yes

## Step 7: Sign off and record outcomes

Item	Name/date	Notes
Measures approved by:	Mrs L Mason	Integrate actions back into project plan, with date and responsibility for completion
Residual risks approved by:	Mrs L Mason	If accepting any residual high risk, consult the ICO before going ahead
DPO advice provided:	Yes	DPO should advise on compliance, step 6 measures and whether processing can proceed
Summary of DPO advice:		
DPO advice accepted or overruled by:		
If overruled, you must explain your reasons		
Comments:		
Consultation responses reviewed by:		
If your decision departs from individuals' views, you must explain your reasons		
Comments:		
This DPIA will kept under review by:	Mrs L Mason	The DPO should also review ongoing compliance with DPIA